

Christianity Glossary

<p>Agape – Christian selfless love</p> <p>Anglican – a worldwide denomination including the Church of England</p> <p>Apostles' Creed – statement of Christian belief</p> <p>Ascension – Jesus going to heaven on 40th day after Easter</p> <p>Atonement – making amends for wrongdoing. Idea of being at one with God</p> <p>Baptism – ceremony of welcome to the religion</p> <p>Catechism – a summary of Roman Catholic teaching</p> <p>Church of England – Protestant Church set up by Henry VIII</p> <p>Confirmation – initiation ceremony carried out by a bishop</p> <p>Denomination – name for the different branches of the Christian Church</p> <p>Ecumenical – relating the worldwide Christian Church community</p> <p>Evangelism – preaching of faith to convert others</p> <p>Fundamentalist – Christians who take the Bible literally</p> <p>Grace – unconditional love that god shows people who don't deserve it</p> <p>Gospel – name of the books about Jesus' life (Matthew, Mark, Luke and John)</p> <p>Holy Land – Israel</p> <p>Incarnation – God in human form</p>	<p>Lord's prayer – prayer Jesus taught his disciples. Still used today</p> <p>Messiah – the anointed one (Jesus) who is seen as the saviour by Christians</p> <p>Methodist – a Protestant Christian group founded in 18th century by John Wesley</p> <p>Miracles – events that have no scientific explanation; performed by Jesus according to the Gospels</p> <p>Nicene Creed – statement of belief for all Christians</p> <p>Omnipotent – all-powerful</p> <p>Orthodox Church – a branch of the Christian Church</p> <p>Penitence – feel regret for one's sins</p> <p>Protestant – branch of Christianity that broke away from Roman Catholic Church</p> <p>Quakers – branch of Christians aka Society of Friends</p> <p>Reconciliation – the process of making conflicting people friendly again</p> <p>Resurrection – the physical return of Jesus on the third day after his death</p> <p>Roman Catholic – largest Christian group – led by the Pope in Rome</p> <p>Salvation – the saving of a soul from sin</p> <p>Secular – non-religious</p> <p>St Paul – a man who taught and spread the teachings of Jesus</p> <p>Trinity – belief in One God in three parts; God the Father, God the Son and God the Holy Spirit</p>
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