Drama Performance and Response Specification

Learners should:	Learners must know and understand:	Learners should be able to:
in Section A: study a whole performance text.	<pre>in relation to their performance text: *the contexts of their chosen text including: • social • historical (time set and period written) • cultural *the theatrical conventions of the period in which their text was created *the characteristics of their performance text including: • genres • structure • characters • form and style • theatrical setting (place) • plot and subplot • dialogue • stage directions *how meaning is communicated through: • the use of performance space and spatial relationships on stage • the relationship between performers and audience • the design of: set, props, costume, lighting and sound • an actor's vocal and physical interpretation of character • the use of performance conventions.</pre>	*define how the social, historical and cultural contexts have an effect on the chosen performance text *explore and identify the characteristics of a text through practical preparation work and be able to explain the impact they have on a performance text *select examples from their own practical study which demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the full range of characteristics of the performance text *identify how a range of genres may have been used to inform the characteristics of the performance text *identify how meaning is communicated within the performance text *evaluate the roles that theatre makers (from contemporary professional practice) have on developing, performing and responding to
in Section A: study the development of drama and performance.	*contemporary staging including: • apron • black box • in the round • promenade • proscenium arch • site specific • thrust • traverse *the role of theatre makers in contemporary professional practice, including: • actors • choreographer • costume designer • director • lighting designer • lyricist • playwright • set designer • sound designer • stage managers • understudy	*state advantages and disadvantages for the decisions made directing, acting and designing for a performance * apply knowledge and understanding of the development of drama and performance to the studied performance text.

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	*how genre is used in live	evaluate how meaning is
live drama and theatre.		*discuss, analyse and
others through watching	theatre makers	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
evaluate the work of	theatre terminology used by	subject-specific terminology
in Section B: analyse and	* the meaning of drama and	*select and use appropriate
	stage directions	
	• plot and subplot • protagonist •	
	antagonist • character • dialogue • duologue • flashback • monologue	
	text including • acts and scenes •	
	*the features of a performance	
	•	
	performance.	
	*how performance styles affect the direction, acting and design of a	
	contemporary performance	
	sound and media technology in	
	*The use of contemporary light,	
	costume • hair and makeup • masks	
	through the creation and use of: •	
	*the development of character	
	naturalistic sets	
	including: • composite sets • non-	
	*the design and use of a set	
	* the use of semiotics	
	language, facial expression and gesture	
	physicality and the use of body	
	*communication through	
	*vocal techniques an actor might use to communicate a role	
	*vocal techniques an actor might	
	characterisation • improvisation	
ì	*Acting skills including: • blocking •	